## MY HEBER VALLEY - by Theron Luke

WHEN I SOUGHT A TITLE FOR THIS TALK, I UNHESITATINGLY SETTLED ON "MY HEBER VALLEY."

HERE WHO WANTS TO CLAIM IT. I WOULD SHARE IT WITH ANYONE FORTUNATE ENOUGH TO HAVE BEEN BORN HERE, LIVED HERE, OR WHO LIVES HERE NOW IN THIS SPARKLING, GREEN (ALBIET A BIT WHITE IN THE WINTER) JEWEL OF THE MOUNTAINS.

IF THIS SOUNDS A BIT CHAMBER OF COMMERCY, SO BE IT. ALL I CAN SAY IS, IT COMES FROM THE BOTTOM OF MY HEART.

I HAVE OFTEN WONDERED ABOUT MY GROWING AFFECTION FOR HEBER VALLEY, IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT WHILE I WAS BORN HERE, I HAVE LIVED HERE LESS THAN A DOZEN OF MY 72 YEARS. WITH THE DEATH OF MY SISTER AS THE LAST SURVIVING MEMBER OF THE FAMILY IN THE VALLEY, I DON'T GET UP HERE VERY OFTEN ANYMORE. THE PEOPLE I KNEW ARE GONE OR FORGOTTEN.

GONE LONG AGO ARE THE CONTEMPORARIES OF MY PARENTS

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WHO WOULD SAY, "I KNEW AUNT FID," THE NICKNAME MY MOTHER CARRIED ALL
HER LIFE AS A CONTRACTION OF HER FATHER CALLING HER "FIDDLESTICKS" AS
A CHILD. SHE WAS LDS STATE RELIEF SOCIETY PRESIDENT FROM 1915 TO 1920
WHEN SHE MOVED AWAY, IN THE DAYS WHEN THE STAKE RELIEF SOCIETY
PRESIDENT WAS THE QUEEN BEE OF ANY MORMON COMMUNITY.

OR THOSE WHO WOULD STOP ME AND SAY: "LET ME TELL YOU A STORY I REMEMBER JACK LUKE TELLING." THE STORY WOULD BE CORNY, BUT A KNEE-SLAPPER. I AM CONVINCED MY FATHER WAS, IN A SORT OF DRY, RESERVED WAY, A KIND OF WILL ROGERS OF HEBER.

A CEMETERY IS ALWAYS A LINK WITH ONE'S BIRTHPLACE, AND ALONG THAT GENTLE HILL TO THE NORTHEAST LIE MY PARENTS, TWO SISTERS AND A BROTHER. AND OF COURSE MY GRANDPARENTS AND A MILLION AUNTS, UNCLES AND COUSINS. ONE LOT WAS OBTAINED BY MY FATHER WHO, AS A BOY, HELPED GRUB IT OUT OF THE SAGEBRUSH. IN A CORNER OF IT, I WILL SOMEDAY LIE.

MEMORIES CAME FLOODING BACK AS I WROTE THIS OF MY BOYHOOD

UNTIL I WAS EIGHT, IN WHAT SEEMED ANOTHER WORLD WHEN COMPARED TO TODAY. OF DRIVING COWS MORNING AND NIGHT TO THE NORTH FIELDS. OF STANDING TERRIFIED WHEN LONG-LIMBED CRANES STOOD ON ONE LEG BLOCKING THE LANE TO THE PASTURE GATE. OF DRINKING FROM THE ICE-COLD, HEAVENLY CLEAR SPRING ON THE WAY TO THE NORTH FIELDS. IT COULD HAVE BEEN THE ONE THE FIRST PIONEERS NAMED LONDON SPRING IN THE SUMMER OF 1859. OF RIDING BAREBACK (I NEVER DID SEEM TO ACQUIRE A SADDLE) ON MY OWN HORSE, WHICH MOST HEBER BOYS WERE FORTUNATE ENOUGH TO HAVE IN THOSE DAYS.

OF RETURNING FOR PART OF MY JUNIOR AND ALL OF MY SENIOR YEAR AT THE ORIGINAL WASATCH HIGH SCHOOL DOWN THE STREET A PIECE. OF AN UNDISTINGUISHED CAREER AS RIGHT HALPBACK ON THE FOOTBALL TEAM WHEN WE WON VERY LITTLE, AND IT WAS A FAR GREATER HONOR TO BE IN THE BAND, WHICH WON NEARLY EVERYTHING.

BUT ENOUGH ABOUT ME, OR PERHAPS TOO MUCH. MY ONLY DEFENSE IS
THAT NOSTALGIA IS LIKE HEADY WINE, OR PERHAPS WHAT MY FATHER USED

TO IMBIBE AT ONE OF HEBER'S FOUR THRIVING SALOONS — ONCE YOU START TO SIP OF IT, IT'S HARD TO STOP.

HEBER VALLEY WAS FIRST CALLED PROVO VALLEY, AFTER PROVO RIVER.

THE LATTER IN TURN WAS EVEN EARLIER NAMED TIMPANOGOS RIVER (HOWARD STANSBURY'S MAP OF 1849 CARRIES THIS DESIGNATION).

WHO WERE THE FIRST WHITE MEN INTO THE VALLEY? WE DON'T KNOW FOR AN ABSOLUTE CERTAINTY, BUT A GOOD BET WOULD BE ETEINNE PROVOST WHO IS BELIEVED BY SOME GOOD HISTORIANS TO HAVE COME THROUGH HERE IN 1824

AFTER ESCAPING AN INDIAN AMBUSH NEAR UTAH LAKE. WE DO KNOW THAT PROVOST CAME BACK INTO HEBER VALLEY THE NEXT YEAR, 1825, AS A GUIDE FOR WILLIAM H. ASHLEY AFTER WINTERING IN THE UINTAH BASIN COUNTRY.

FROM THEN ON A VALLEY AS VERDANT AND UNTRAMMELED MUST HAVE
ATTRACTED THE ATTENTION OF OTHER MOUNTAIN MEN AND TRAPPERS IN THE
ENSUING YEARS BEFORE SETTLEMENT.

FATHERS DOMINGUES AND ESCALANTE ENTERED WHAT WAS LATER WASATCH
COUNTY IN 1776, BUT THEY TURNED DOWN DIAMOND FORK INTO SPANISH FORK
CANYON BEFORE REACHING THIS VALLEY. I ONCE HEARD A DEAR WASATCH
COUNTY LADY TELL A GROUP THEY CAME THROUGH THIS VALLEY BECAUSE THEY
WROTE ABOUT THE HOTPOTS. THEY WERE WRITING ABOUT THE HOT SPRINGS AT
CASTELLA IN SPANISH FORK CANYON.

ACTUALLY, HEBER VALLEY, THEN PROVO VALLEY REMEMBER, WAS A LATEBLOOMER AS FAR AS SETTLEMENT WAS CONCERNED. ONLY A FIGURATIVE STONE'S THROW FROM UTAH VALLEY, COMPARED WITH OTHER SETTLEMENT DISTANCES IN UTAH, HEBER VALLEY WAS NOT SETTLED UNTIL NEARLY A DECADE AFTER UTAH VALLEY AND OTHER FAR MORE REMOTE PLACES HAD BEEN PERMANENTLY OCCUPIED. WHY? PROVO CANYON WAS A BRUSH AND TREE-CHOCKED OBSTACLE UNTIL A ROAD WAS BUILT UP IT. AND THIS WAS NOT DONE UNTIL LATE 1858 BY MEN FROM UTAH VALLEY UNDER THE PERSONAL URGING OF BRIGHAM YOUNG. A BILL WAS PASSED BY THE 1855 TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE TO BUILD SUCH A ROAD BUT IT WAS NOT DONE UNTIL THREE YEARS LATER.

THE STORY IS TOLD OF THE GROUP OF SAWMILL WORKERS WHO HIKED TO

THE TOP OF THE SUMMIT ABOVE BIG COTTONWOOD CANYON ONE SUMMER SUNDAY

IN 1857 AND LOOKED DOWN UPON THE VALLEY. THEY TOLD OTHERS.

EVEN BEFORE THE CANYON ROAD WAS FINISHED (IN THOSE DAYS NEARLY EVERYONE SPELLED IT "CANON" WITHOUT THE "Y") THE FIRST STEPS TOWARD SETTLEMENT HAD BEEN TAKEN. IT WAS THE SPRING OF 1858, ACTUALLY BEFORE CONSTRUCTION OF THE ROAD HAD BEGUN, THAT "WILLIAM WALL, GEORGE W. DEAN, AARON DANIELS AND A FEW OTHERS", ALL OF PROVO, DROVE STOCK UP THE CANYON AND ESTABLISHED RANCHES AND GRAZING GROUND "IN THE SOUTH END OF THE VALLEY." WITH AN EYE TOWARD WINTERING THEIR CATTLE, THEY HARVESTED A CROP OF MEADOW HAY. IT WAS THE SAME HAY WE HARVESTED AS WILD HAY, OR TIMOTHY, IN THE NORTH FIELDS WHEN I WAS A BOY.

THE QUOTES AND GENERAL STATEMENTS ARE FROM THAT VERY EXCELLENT BOOK, "HOW BEAUTIFUL UPON THE MOUNTAINS," PUBLISHED IN 1963 BY THE WASATCH COUNTY CHAPTER, DAUGHTERS OF UTAH PIONEERS.

THE YEAR 1858 WAS REALLY THE TURNING POINT IN PREPARATIONS AND RESOLVE FOR SETTLEMENT. WHILE THE FIRST CATTLE WERE GRAZING ON THE LUSH SOUTHERN MEADOWS, OTHER MEN WERE EXPLORING THE VALLEY, AND IN JULY OF THAT SUMMER A SURVEY PARTY FROM PROVO, HEADED BY J.W. SNOW, A COUNTY SURVEYOR OF THAT AREA, LAID OUT A SECTION OF GROUND JUST NORTH OF THE PRESENT SITE OF HEBER. TWENTY ACRE TRACTS WERE SURVEYED AND EACH MAN OF THE PARTY, WHOSE NUMBER IS NOT SPECIFIED, SELECTED HIS FARM.

THE URGENCY OF A ROAD CAME NEXT, AND CONSTRUCTION GOT UNDERWAY

TO BE FINISHED BY OCTOBER BRIGHAM YOUNG HIMSELF CALLED A MEETING IN

PROVO ON JUNE 6 TO GET THE PROJECT UNDERWAY. AMONG OTHER THINGS,

THEY SPANNED PROVO RIVER WITH A BRIDGE AT THE MOUTH OF THE CANYON.

CAMP FLOYD IN CEDAR VALLEY WEST OF UTAH LAKE. BEFORE WAS ABANDONED IN 1861, THE ARMY TRACKED OUT ITS OWN SUPPLY ROAD TAKING

OFF FROM ECHO CANYON NEAR COALVILLE AND WANSHIP, GOING THROUGH
KAMAS AND HEBER VALLEYS, AND DOWN PROVO CANYON TO UTAH AND THEN
CEDAR VALLEYS.

ON THE LAST DAY IN APRIL OF 1859, 11 MEN AND THREE WAGONS HEADED

UP THE NEW ROAD FROM UTAH VALLEY. THEIR FAMILIES REMAINED

TEMPORARILY BEHIND.

THEIR NAMES? THE BASIC ROOTS OF WHAT BECAME HEBER. THOMAS RASBAND, JOHN CROOK, CHARLES N. CARROL, JOHN CARLISLE, JOHN JORDAN, HENRY CHATWIN, JESSE BOND, JAMES CARLISLE, WILLIAM GILES JR., WILLIAM CARPENTER AND GEORGE CARLISLE. NOTE THE THREE CARLISLES, THE FUSTEST WITH THE MOSTEST.

JOHN CROOK'S JOURNAL SAYS THEY CAMPED THE NIGHT OF APRIL 30, 1859,

AT A SNOWSLIDE, DISSEMBLING THEIR WAGONS AND CARRYING THEM OVER THE

NEXT DAY, CAMPING AT WILLIAM WALL'S RANCH ON MAY 1.

REACHING APPROXIMATELY THE PRESENT SITE OF HEBER, THEY WERE

CONFRONTED BY WILLIAM DAVIDSON, ROBERT BROADHEAD AND JAMES DAVIS
ALREADY PLOWING. DAVIDSON HAD HIS FAMILY.

from Just Co.

JOHN CROOK'S JOURNAL, NOR ANY OTHER, GIVES NO FURTHER INFORMATION
ON THESE THREE SURPRISE FIRST SETTLERS, AT LEAST NOT IN "HOW BEAUTIFUL
UPON THE MOUNTAINS." WE CAN SPECULATE, HOWEVER, THAT THEY PROBABLY
UNCEREMONIOUSLY AND WITHOUT FANFARE STARTED UP PROVO CANYON A FEW
DAYS BEFORE THE 11 WHO FOLLOWED THEM. AT ANY RATE, THEY GOT THERE
FUSTEST.

THE 11 MEN LEFT THE THREE PLOWING AND PROCEEDED ABOUT A MILE FARTHER NORTH. MOST OF THEM HAD ORIGINALLY COME FROM GREAT BRITAIN.

THEY CALLED IT LONDON. THE SPRING RETAINED THAT NAME. AS A BOY, I KNEW THE AREA AS THE LONDON FIELDS, OR THE NEW LONDON FIELDS, AS SOME CLAIM THEY WERE ALSO CALLED.

CLAIMING AND CLEARING AN ACREAGE SITE AND BUILDING LOG HOUSES TO
REPLACE TENTS WAS THE NEXT ORDER OF BUSINESS. THE OLD FORT WAS

BUILT IN A RECTANGULAR SHAPE BUT ONLY WITH THE HOUSES CLOSE TOGETHER. ASIDE FROM REQUIRED CORRALS, THERE SEEMS TO BE NO EVIDENCE OF SURROUNDING IT WITH A STOCKADE. THE FORT WAS BUILT BETWEEN WHAT IS NOW FIRST AND FOURTH WEST AND SECOND AND FIFTH NORTH. AN EARLY SKETCH SHOWS A RECTANGULAR DRAWING OF SQUARES REPRESENTING 67 HOUSES AND A SCHOOLHOUSE. THE SKETCH CLAIMED IT REPRESENTED THE WINTER OF 1859-60. THIS HAS TO BE AN ERROR HOWEVER, BECAUSE THAT WAS THE FIRST WINTER SETTLERS STAYED IN THE VALLEY AND SOURCES PLAINLY STATE THERE WERE ONLY 18 FAMILIES WHO SPENT THAT WINTER IN THE VALLEY. THE POPULATION TEMPORARILY SWELLED AT CHRISTMAS TIME WHEN A LARGE PARTY OF MERRYMAKERS CAME BY SLED FROM PROVO TO STAGE A CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS CELEBRATION.

BY JUNE OF 1860, IT WAS ESTIMATED THERE WERE MORE THAN 200 PEOPLE LIVING AND WORKING IN THE VALLEY. AMONG THEM WERE ALL FOUR OF MY GRANDPARENTS.

ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF JUNE IN 1859, WHILE THOSE FIRST SETTLERS WERE

1859

June scratching out a toehold for the first winter, a survey was begun of WHAT WAS CALLED THE LONDON TOWNSITE. IT WAS BY JESSE FULLER, A DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR OF UTAH COUNTY. HE SURVEYED OFF SOME 40 BLOCKS AND A TIER EIGHT BLOCKS LONG AND FIVE WIDE OF WHAT IS ESSENTIALLY NOW THE WEST SIDE OF HEBER. EACH BLOCK WAS DIVIDED INTO FOUR LOTS. THE HOUSE WHERE I WAS BORN WAS LATER BUILT IN THIS AREA AND WE HAD A QUARTER OF A BLOCK FOR A LOT, AS DID MOST PEOPLE AT THAT TIME. THE EAST HALF OF HEBER, EAST OF A SEVEN-ROD WIDE MAIN STREET, WAS LAID OUT SEVERAL MONTHS LATER.

THERE APPEARED TO BE DISSATISFACTION WITH THE NAME. AFTER ALL, THE WORLD ALREADY HAD A LONDON, AND THERE WERE SEVERAL NEW LONDONS IN THE UNITED STATES. WHY NOT SOMETHING ORIGINAL, AND CLOSER TO HOME?

MOST OF THE EARLY SETTLERS HAD COME FROM GREAT BRITAIN. C. KIMBALL, BRIGHAM YOUNG'S STRONG RIGHT ARM, HAD BEEN IN CHARGE OF THE FIRST GROUP OF MORMON MISSIONARIES TO THE BRITISH ISLES. IT WAS A NATURAL. ON LEARNING OF THE MOVEMENT, HEBER C. KIMBALL IS REPORTED TO HAVE SAID: "NOW YOU PEOPLE HAVE NAMED YOUR LITTLE TOWN AFTER ME. I WANT YOU TO SEE TO IT THAT YOU ARE HONEST, UPRIGHT CITIZENS AND GOOD LATTER-DAY SAINTS THAT I MAY NOT HAVE CAUSE TO BE ASHAMED OF YOU."

THE TOWN HAD A BEAUTIFUL VALLEY, STURDY PEOPLE, AND NOW A NAME.

HEBER WAS LAUNCHED AND ON ITS WAY.

A MENTION WORTHY OF NOTE IS THE BIRTH OF THE FIRST CHILD IN THE VALLEY. A TINY, DEFENSELESS LITTLE GIRL, DAUGHTER OF WILLIAM AND ELLEN DAVIDSON WAS NAMED OF ALL THINGS, AFTER A MASSIVE MOUNTAIN, TIMPANOGOS.

HISTORY DOES NOT RECORD HOW SHE BORE UP UNDER THE WEIGHT OF IT.

AND WHILE WE'RE STILL ON THE SUBJECT OF NAMES, EVER THINK OF HOW MIDWAY GOT ITS MONIKER?

HAPPENED. THE UPPER AND LOWER SNAKE CREEK SETTLEMENTS, ROUGHLY THE GOLF COURSE AND CHARLESTON, HAD BEEN SETTLED SOON AFTER HEBER. BUT BY 1866 BLACK HAWK INDIAN WAR DANGERS BROUGHT ORDERS FOR THEM TO MOVE TOGETHER. BUT THE AREA WAS SETTLED THEN, AS NOW, WITH INDUSTRIOUS, BUT STUBBORN GERMAN, SWISS AND DUTCH. NEITHER SETTLEMENT WOULD BUDGE TOWARD THE OTHER. ORDERS CAME FROM THE BRETHREN TO GET TOGETHER, OR ELSE. MIDWAY RESULTED.

HEBER VALLEY WAS ALWAYS ON THE FRINGES. SOME SCARES AND ANXIETY BUT NO REAL DANGER. A CAREFUL PERUSAL OF PETER GOTTFREDSON'S 1919 INDIAN DEPREDATIONS IN UTAH SOON CHANGED MY MIND. FROM MAY UNTIL OCTOBER OF 1866, UINTAH BASIN UTES DASHED RIGHT INTO HEBER VALLEY, SOMETIMES AS CLOSE AS A MILE FROM TOWN, IN HALF A DOZEN SEPARATE RAIDS, EACH ONE NETTING SOME WHITE MAN'S CATTLE, HORSES AND MULES.

WASATCH COUNTY'S NAUVOO LEGION, THE MORMON EQUIVALENT OF

## TERRITORIAL MILITIA, WENT ON A FULL WAR FOOTING.

SUCCESSFULLY DROVE 40 OR 50 CATTLE BACK ACROSS THE DIVIDE. A MORMON POSSE GAVE CHASE AND WAS FORCED TO GIVE UP AFTER THEIR HORSES FLOUNDERED IN THE BELLY-DEEP SNOW. IN EARLY JULY, INDIANS RAIDED TIGHT DOWN INTO TOM HANDLEY'S CORRAL IN EAST HEBER AND MADE OFF WITH TWO OXEN AND A HEIFER. A LEGION POSSE GAVE CHASE, CAUGHT UP WITH THE INDIANS ACROSS THE DIVIDE AS THE REDSKINS WERE COOKING ONE OF THE BEEF, AND OPENED FIRE. ONE INDIAN FELL OVER, BELIEVED HIT. HIS COMRADES APPARENTLY CARRIED HIM AWAY. THE MORMON MILITIAMEN RECOVERED THE TWO OXEN AND THE INDIAN'S HORSES.

IN AUGUST, INDIANS STOLE JOHN MUIR'S MULES AND JOHN TURNER'S HORSES
OUT OF A CORRAL RIGHT ON THE EAST EDGE OF HEBER. TURNER GOT HIS
HORSES BACK THROUGH FRIENDLY INDIANS. MUIR NEVER DID RECOVER TWO FINE
MULES. IN AUGUST, JOHN LEE'S HORSES WERE STOLEN FROM HIS PASTURE A
MILE EAST OF TOWN. MORMONS GAVE CHASE AND RECOVERED THE HORSES
NORTH OF TOWN WHEN THE INDIANS ABANDONED THEM. TEN DAYS

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THIS TIME LEE WAS NOT SO LUCKY. ONE HORSE WAS RECOKERED.

IN SEPTEMBER, INDIANS BROKE RIGHT INTO WILLIAM WALL'S STABLE IN SOUTH HEBER, STEALING TWO FINE MARES. THEY WERE FOUND SHOT, APPARENTLY BY THEIR CAPTORS WHO WERE HAVING DIFFICULTY HANDLING THEM.

ABOUT THIS TIME CHARLES WILKIN HAD TWO YOKE OF OXEN STOLEN BY REDSKINS AT HIS CENTER CREEK SAWMILL. INDIANS KILLED ONE AND MADE OFF WITH THE MEAT. WILKIN RECOVERED THE OTHER THREE.

IN THE LAST SERIOUS RAID DURING THE TURBULENT SUMMER OF 1866, INDIANS STOLE SOME HORSES, THE NUMBER WAS NOT SPECIFIED, AGAIN RIGHT OUT OF A CORRAL IN SOUTH HEBER. THEY DROVE THEM DOWN PROVO CANYON A WAYS, UP OVER THE DIVIDE INTO AMERICAN FORK CANYON, DOWN ACROSS THE JORDAN AND INTO CEDAR VALLEY. SIXTEEN MORMON MILITIAMEN FROM HEBER GAVE PURSUIT BUT GAVE IT UP IN CEDAR VALLEY WHEN THEY FIGURED THE INDIANS WERE JUST TOO FAR AHEAD.

PURSUIT ON ONE OF THE RAIDS IN AUGUST ENDED ON A GRIM NOTE WITH

THE WOUNDING OF TWO MORMONS, N.C. MURDOCK AND GEORGE BONNER, BY

ANOTHER GROUP OF TRIGGER-HAPPY MILITIAMEN WHO OPENED FIRE ON THEM

WITHOUT ORDERS THINKING THEM TO BE INDIANS. BOTH MEN RECOVERED.

THE INDIAN WAR ENDED FOR HEBER VALLEY IN AUGUST OF 1867 WHEN CHIEF
TABBY WAS PERSUADED TO COME IN FOR A PEACE CONFERENCE, THE CHIEF
BROUGHT INDIANS HE COULD CONTROL, BUT CAME IN MINUS THE HOT-HEADED
FOLLOWERS OF BLACK HAWK, WHOM HE COULD NOT. MORMONS KILLED AN OX,
TOLD THE INDIANS THEY COULD HAVE ALL THE SECOND HELPINGS THEY WANTED,
AND, WORD OF WISDOM OR NOT, CEREMONIOUSLY SMOKED THE PEACE PIPE.

THE ACCOUNT, PROBABLY WRITTEN BY HISTORIAN JOHN CROOK, ENDED RESIGNEDLY WITH: "ON LEAVING OUR VALLEY, THESE INDIANS STOLE 30 OF OUR HORSES."

SO ... ENOUGH OF HISTORY AND BACK TO HEBER TODAY.. IT IS CHANGING.

A GAPING HOLE STILL STANDS WHERE FIRE TOOK THE HEBER MERC. THE DAY

THEY TORE DOWN THE HEBER EXCHANGE I THOUGHT THE ROCK OF GIBRALTER

WOULD BE NEXT.

WHAT USED TO BE FRANK EPPERSON'S BARBER SHOP HASN'T BEEN PAINTED

SINCE I USED TO GO THERE AS A BOY WITH MY FATHER FOR HIS MORNING SHAVE,

WHEN EACH MAN HAD A HAND-LETTERED SHAVING MUG IN A NICHE ALONG THE

WALL. AND WHO REMEMBERS THE BEAR CHARGING ON A KNEELING HUNTER ON

THE BARBER SHOP WALL WITH THE CAPTION: "A TIGHT SPOT,"

SOME OTHER LANDMARKS ARE GONE TOO. REMEMBER THE LONG-VANISHED
OLD WASATCH COUNTY JAIL? IT TOOK THE LATE FERRON VAN WAGONER TO
DESCRIBE IT AS "THE ONLY JAIL IN AMERICA WHERE A FLOCK OF GEESE COULD
FLY THROUGH IT WITHOUT BREAKING FORMATION."

WALLACE STEGNER, A PULITZER PRIZE WINNING WRITER, LIVED IN UTAH
FOR SEVERAL YEARS BUT NEVER IN HEBER VALLEY.

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HE WROTE OF IT, HOWEVER, IN AN ARTICLE FOR VOGUE MAGAZINE IN 1958.

WITH THE SIMPLE ELOQUENCE WHICH LATER WON HIM A PULITZER PRIZE,
HE SAID AS HE GAZED DOWN FROM SNAKE CREEK: "IF I HAD BEEN LOOKING
FOR THE PROMISED LAND I COULD HAVE FOUND NONE FAIRER. THE AIR THAT
DAY TASTED AND SMELLED LIKE THE DAY IT WAS MADE."

WHEN I FINALLY GO INTO THAT CORNER PLOT OF MY FATHER'S CEMETERY

LOT, I'M CONVINCED THAT'S THE DAY THE AIR WILL TASTE AND SMELL.

I MAY NOT BE ABLE TO NOTICE IT, BUT THE THOUSANDS WHO STILL LIVE HERE WILL.

IT WILL STILL BE WALLACE STEGNER'S PROMISED LAND.